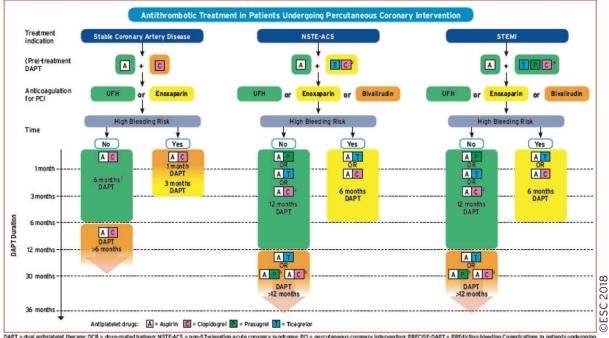
## 2018 ESC/EACTS Guidelines on myocardial revascularization

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The Task Force on myocardial revascularization of the European Society of Cardiology (ESC) and European Association for Cardio-Thoracic Surgery (EACTS)

Developed with the special contribution of the European Association for Percutaneous Cardiovascular Interventions (EAPCI)

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DAPT = dual antipilatelet therapy, DCB = drug-coated balloom; NSTE-ACS = non-STe-levation acute coronary syndrome; PCI = percutaneous coronary intervention; PRECISE-DAPT = PREdicting bleed.
Stent implantation and subsEquent Dual Anti-Platelet Therapy, STEMI = ST-relevation myocardial infarction; UFH = unit-actioned heparin.
Colour-coding refers to the ESC classes of recommendations (general class styling) was classed in recommendations (general class).
After PCI with DCB 6 months DAPT should be considered (class III).

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(For scores see Supplementary Table 4.).

High bleeding risk is considered as an increased risk of spontaneous bleeding during DAPT (e.g. PRECISE-DAPT score ≥25)

Algorithm for the use of antithrombotic drugs in patients undergoing percutaneous coronary intervention. High bleeding risk is considered as an increased risk of spontaneous bleeding during DAPT (e.g. PRECISE-DAPT score > 25). Colour-coding refers to the ESC classes of recom- mendations (green = class I; yellow = class IIa; and orange = class IIb).